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Simulation Systems for Exploring Socioecological Dynamics of Ancient and Modern Settlement Systems

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U.S. Department
of Energy



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Introduction and Outline

This presentation ranges across many disciplines: archaeology, urban studies, agroeconomics, linguistics, and more. Two unifying themes:

- All examples illustrate a common design approach and code framework: **ENKIMDU**.
- All have origins in the **Modeling Ancient Settlement Systems** (MASS) Project
 - *Argonne DIS and the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago*
 - *Supported by 5-year National Science Foundation grant*

■ **The ENKIMDU Simulation Framework (“Virtual Ancient Mesopotamia”)**

■ **ENKIMDU Spinoff Projects:**

- **Zincirli / Sam’al:** (Anatolian Iron Age City-State: Urban Construction)
- **BabbleOn:** Computational Linguistics: Coevolution of Society and Language
- **RiotMonger:** Effects of Urban Morphology on Social Behavior
- **Mae Phosop:** Microeconomics and Sustainability in Modern Rural Thailand

Scope and Scale of MASS ENKIMDU Simulations For Bronze Age Mesopotamian Settlement Systems

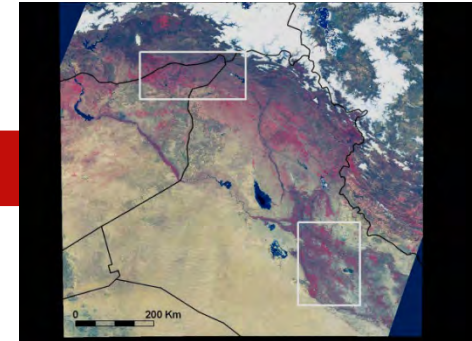
SCOPE: Individual small settlements up to whole regions (> 100 km)



Single Settlement



North Jazira Region (Syria)



Northern and Southern
Mesopotamia

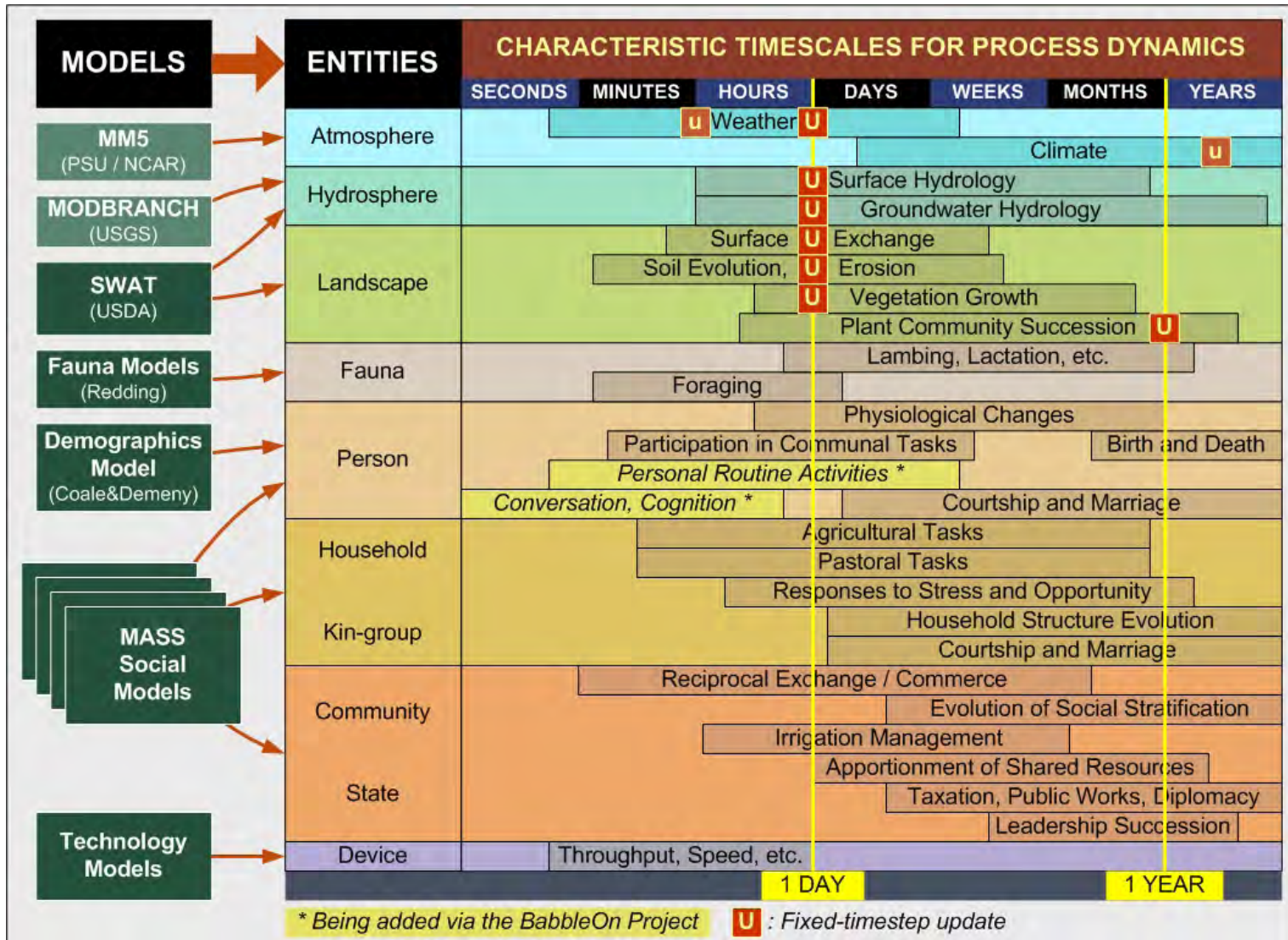
SCALE: Entity-Level Resolution and Granularity

- Individual households and persons as independent social agents
- Individual crop fields, domesticated fauna

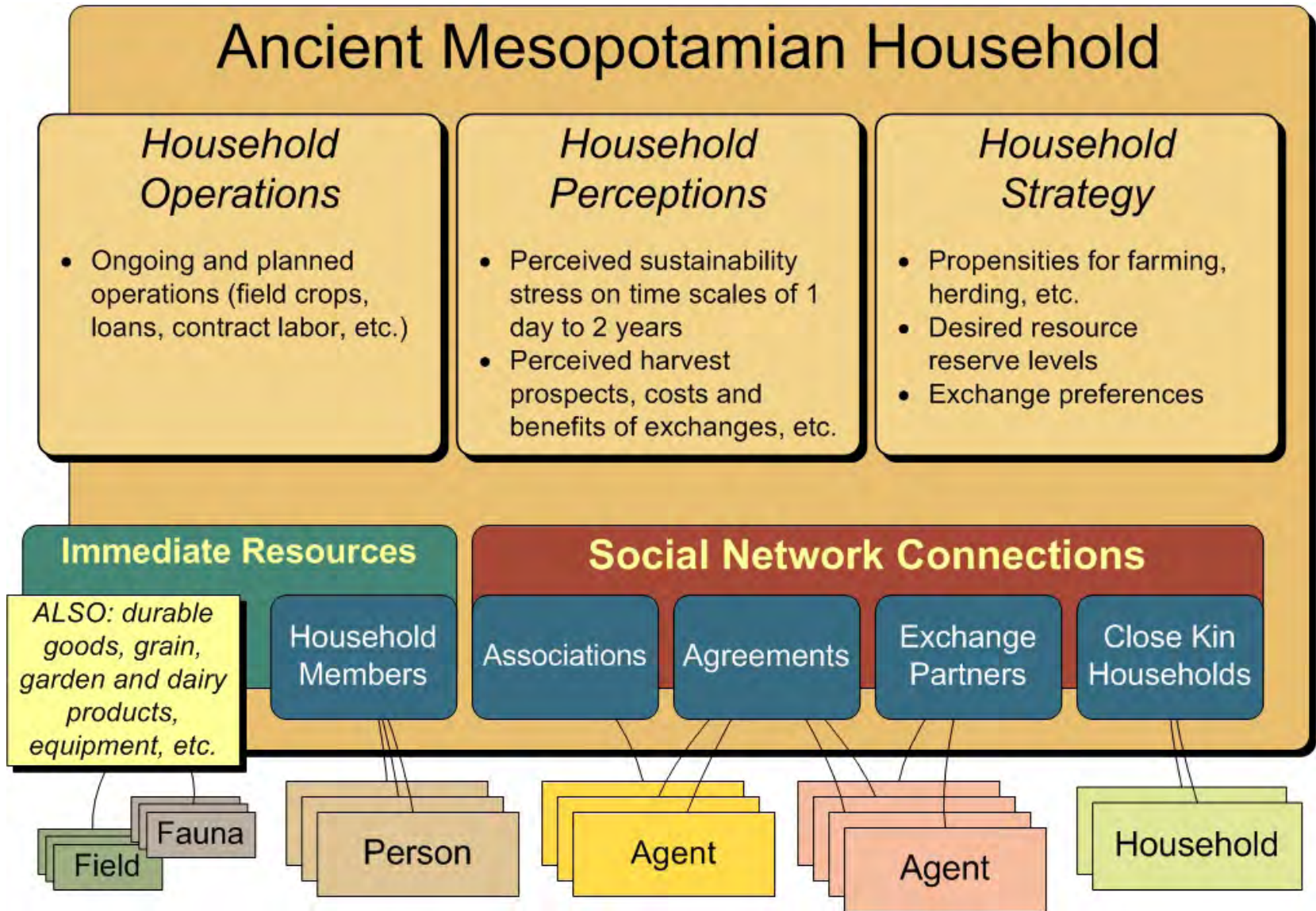
SCALE: Dynamic Process and Temporal Resolution

- Daily weather, hydrologic and soil processes, vegetation dynamics
- Daily or finer (hours, minutes) tracking of detailed household tasks and social interactions

Temporal Texture of Concurrently Modeled Natural and Societal Processes in ENKIMDU



Composition of ENKIMDU Household Agent Objects



Household Agent Adaptive Behavior Examples

Household agents' perception of current *or future* sustainability stress can motivate them to initiate complex behavior patterns, as here...

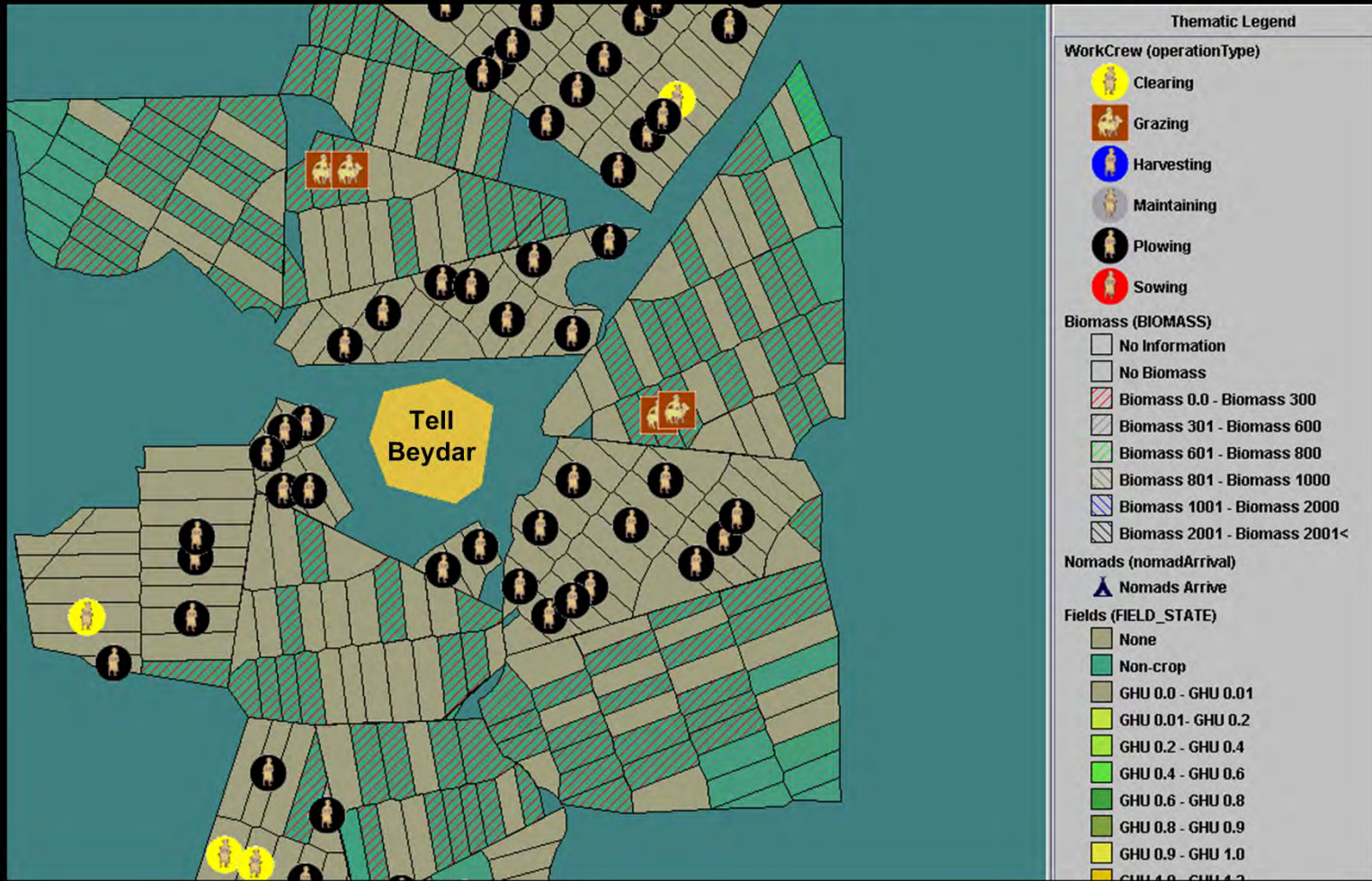
Modeled Household Food Stress Coping Mechanisms

HOUSEHOLD PERCEPTIONS TIME HORIZON		
Long Term (1 to 2 Years)	Medium Term (30 to 100 Days)	Short Term (1 to 10 Days)
PLANT A CROP		
	SOLICIT FOOD GIFTS FROM KIN	
	LOCAL RECIPROCAL EXCHANGE (e.g., livestock for grain)	
	UNDERTAKE WAGE LABOR	
	SEEK GRAIN LOAN (non-kin)	
	SEEK A PATRON	
		EMIGRATE

Nominal household preference order for a given time horizon is top-to-bottom

Households' Daily Agricultural and Pastoral Activities: Snapshot of Tell Beydar Community on an October Day

Autumn: Field Preparation, Plowing and Sowing



Single Settlement “Stress Scenario” Examples

Stress Stimulus			Response to Stimulus
Environmental Stress	Chronic Blight	→	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uneven impacts – worst-off “outlier” households fail despite overall prosperity
	5-Year Drought	→	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temporary extensification of agriculture able to offset reduced yields
Societal Stress	Harvest Labor “Spot Shortage”	→	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exchange of livestock allows worst-hit households to weather crisis; settlement recovers quickly, but remains “excited”
	Diphtheria Epidemic	→	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slow decline due to weakening of kinship- based support networks
	Nomadic Visitations	→	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extreme imbalances in wealth emerge • Depends on nomads’ <u>timing</u>

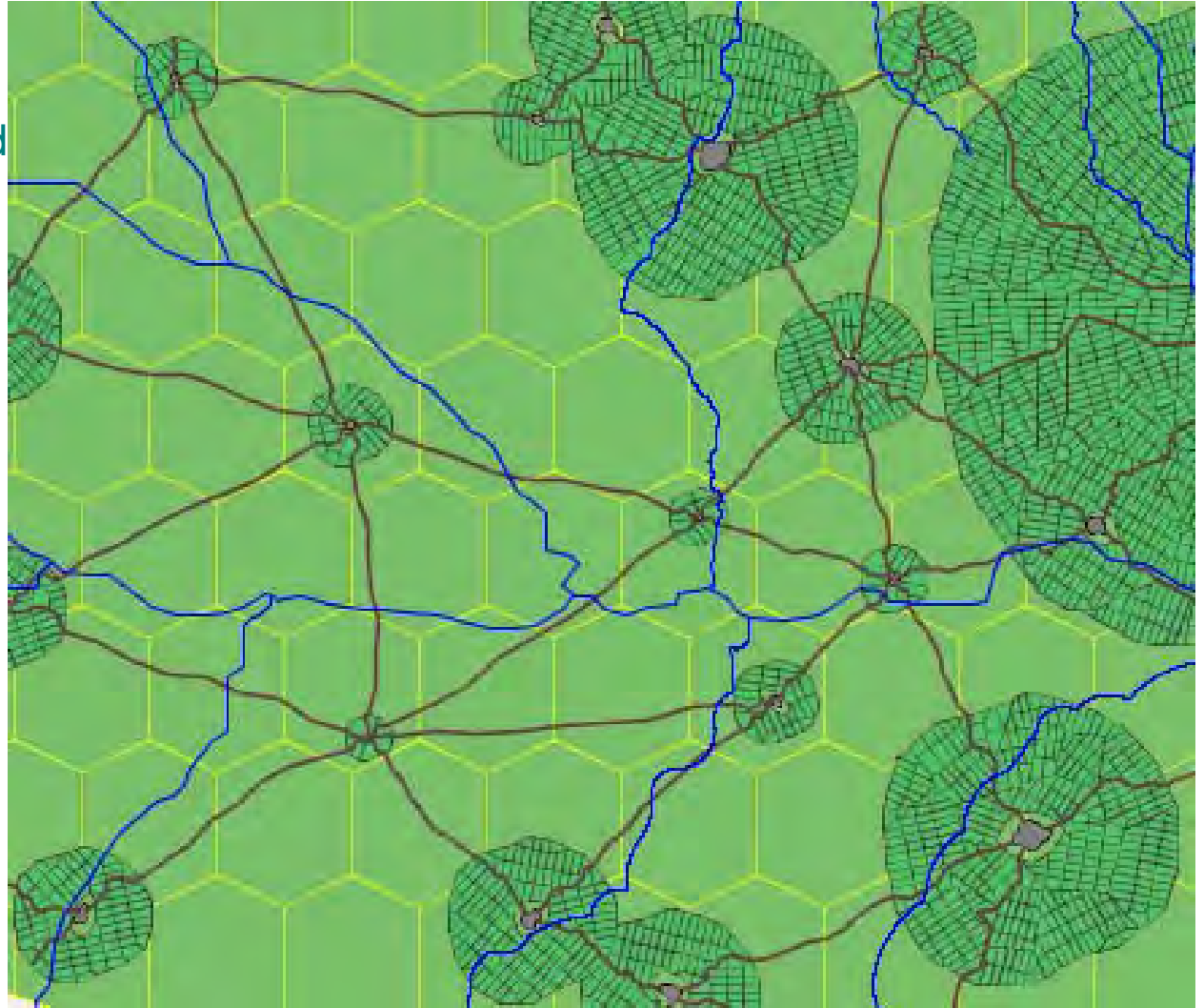


In some cases, *aggregate* measures of settlements’ health were misleading – the fates of the few most vulnerable households drove overall settlement trajectories

ENKIMDU Regional-Scale Simulations

Additional **environmental** processes become relevant at this scale, e.g. distributed surface hydrology and mesoscale weather.

Additional **societal** complexity at this scale: territorial states, taxation, public works, diplomacy, warfare; social stratification, including patron / client dynamics, sharecropping. More interesting repertoire of behaviors for nomadic communities. Regional-scale transport and trade.



Zincirli / Sam'al Studies

U. Chicago / Argonne Joint Theory Institute Pilot Project

- PI's David Schloen, Oriental Institute of U. Chicago; John Christiansen, Argonne DIS

Study Focus: the Iron Age (ca. 1,000 BC) City-State of Sam'al, now Zincirli, Southern Turkey:

Societal and environmental issues surrounding a massive public works project



Societal and environmental sustainability and stability of a ~ 40,000 person polity in a mixed-resource region (agriculture, pastoralism, hunting, trade)



The BabbleOn Project: Adding Language Agency to Social Agents



Collaboration between Argonne DIS and Chicago Language Modeling Lab team at the University of Chicago led by Dr. Jason Riggle. Joint Theory Institute pilot study: computational linguistics modeling of evolution of ancient Akkadian language in Bronze Age social context.

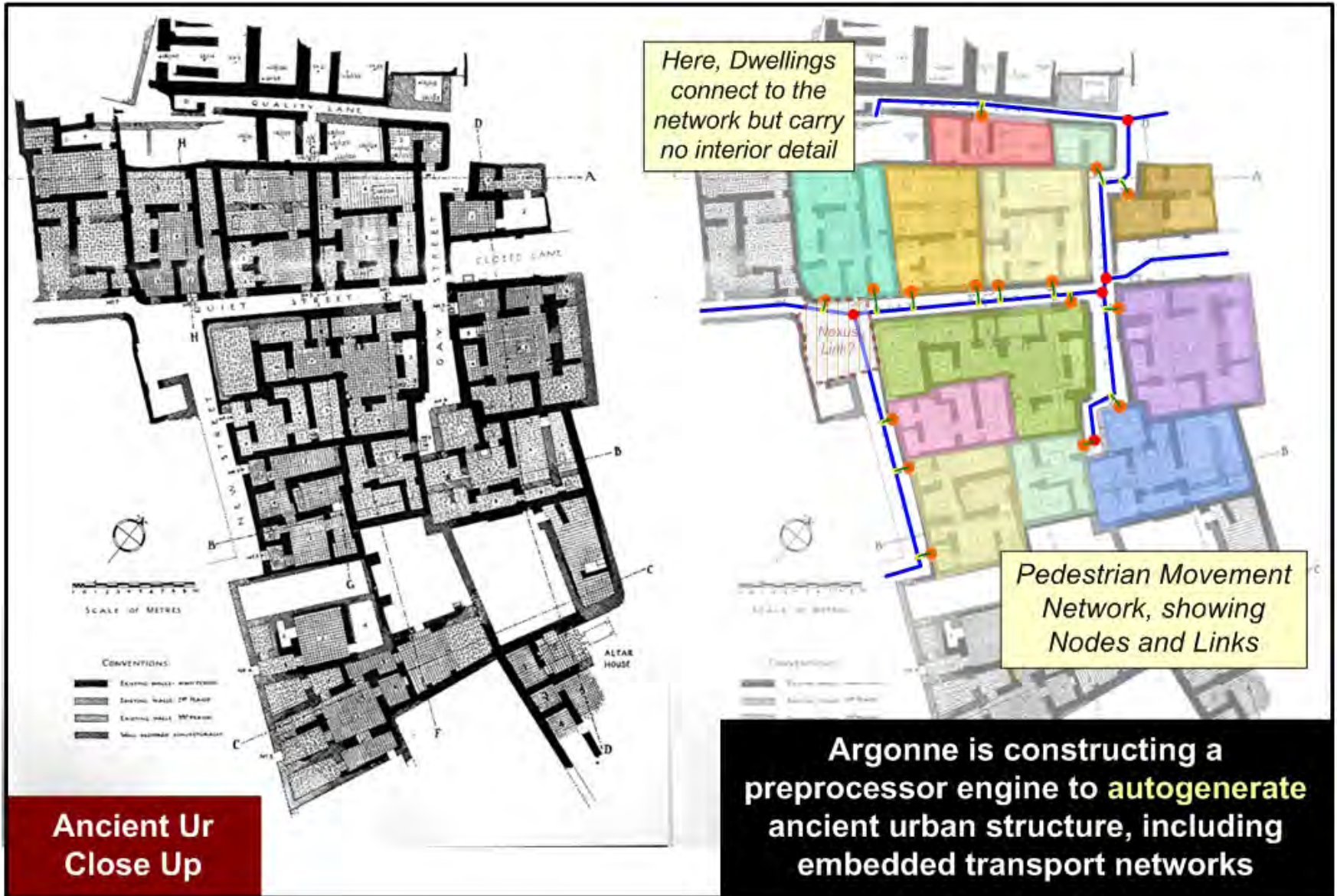
■ What ENKIMDU adds to BabbleOn:

- Substantial, consistent social context. Access to ENKIMDU-derived contextual information (e.g., spatiotemporal sequences of each agents’ “linguistic cliques” – an agent’s local acoustic universe of speakers and listeners – is priceless. Too big a task for linguists to tackle on their own.

■ What BabbleOn adds to ENKIMDU:

- Language differences as modulating context for social situations.
- Supports more realistic mechanisms for construction and maintenance of social bonds and communities.

Urban Texture: Pedestrian Movement Networks



Ancient Ur
Close Up

Here, Dwellings connect to the network but carry no interior detail

Pedestrian Movement Network, showing Nodes and Links

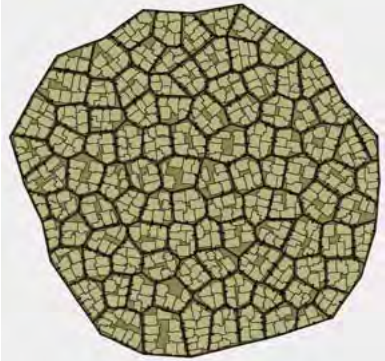
Argonne is constructing a preprocessor engine to autogenerate ancient urban structure, including embedded transport networks

RiotMonger Simulator Prototype

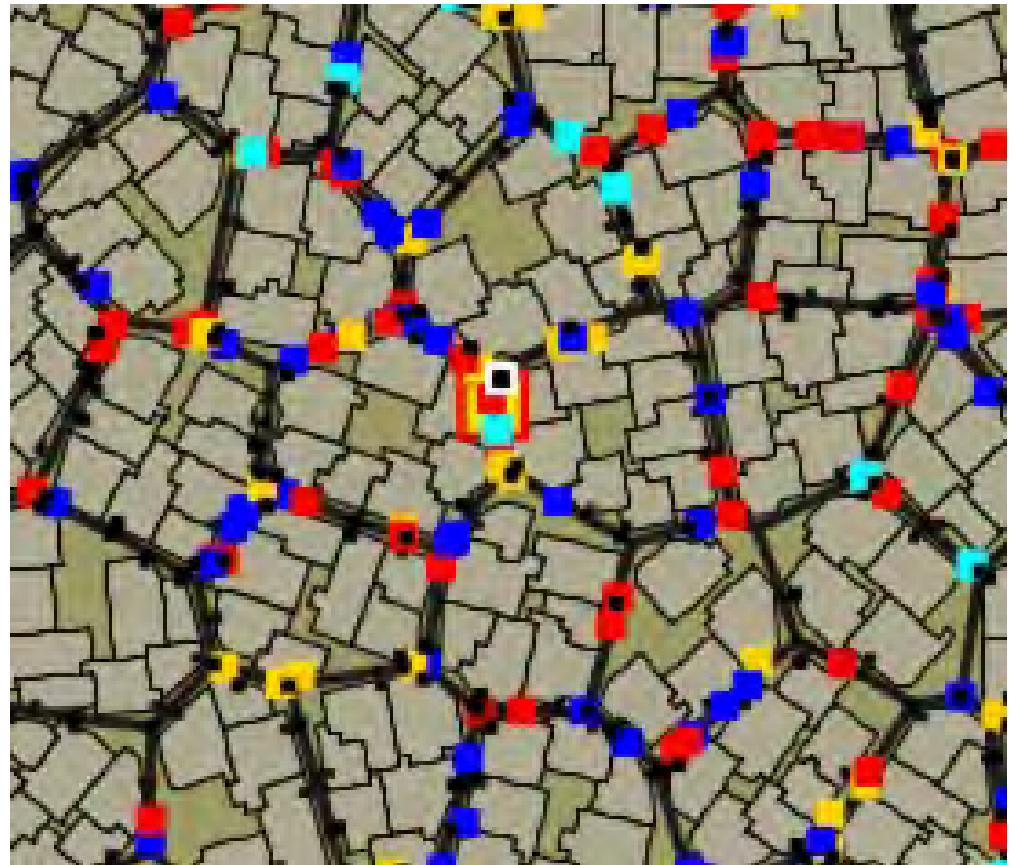
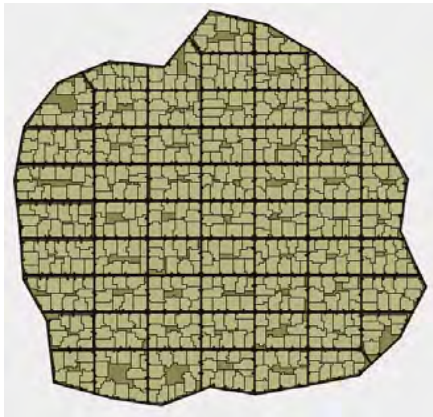
Simulation-based investigation of effects of urban morphology, urban texture on group social behavior (e.g., *riots*).

Originated in U. Chicago senior honors project by Sarah Wise, ANL DIS intern, 2008-9.

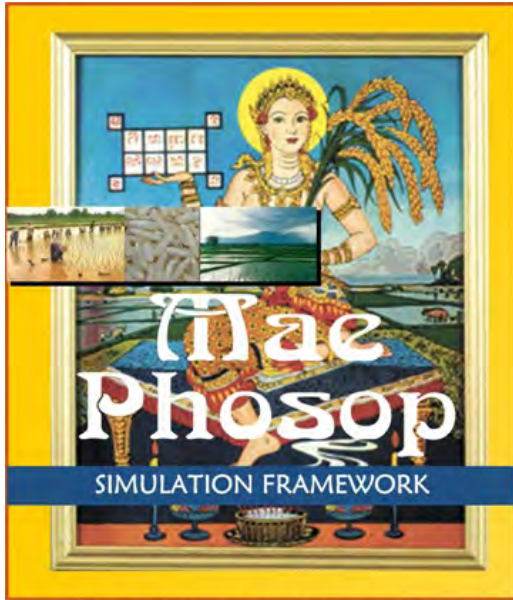
RiotMonger Social Simulation in Action



Examples of urban textures autogenerated by the ANL DIS 'Kabta' urban partitioning engine



Mae Phosop: Extending ENKIMDU to Address Modern Southeast Asian Sustainability Issues



(Mae Phosop: Thai Rice Goddess)

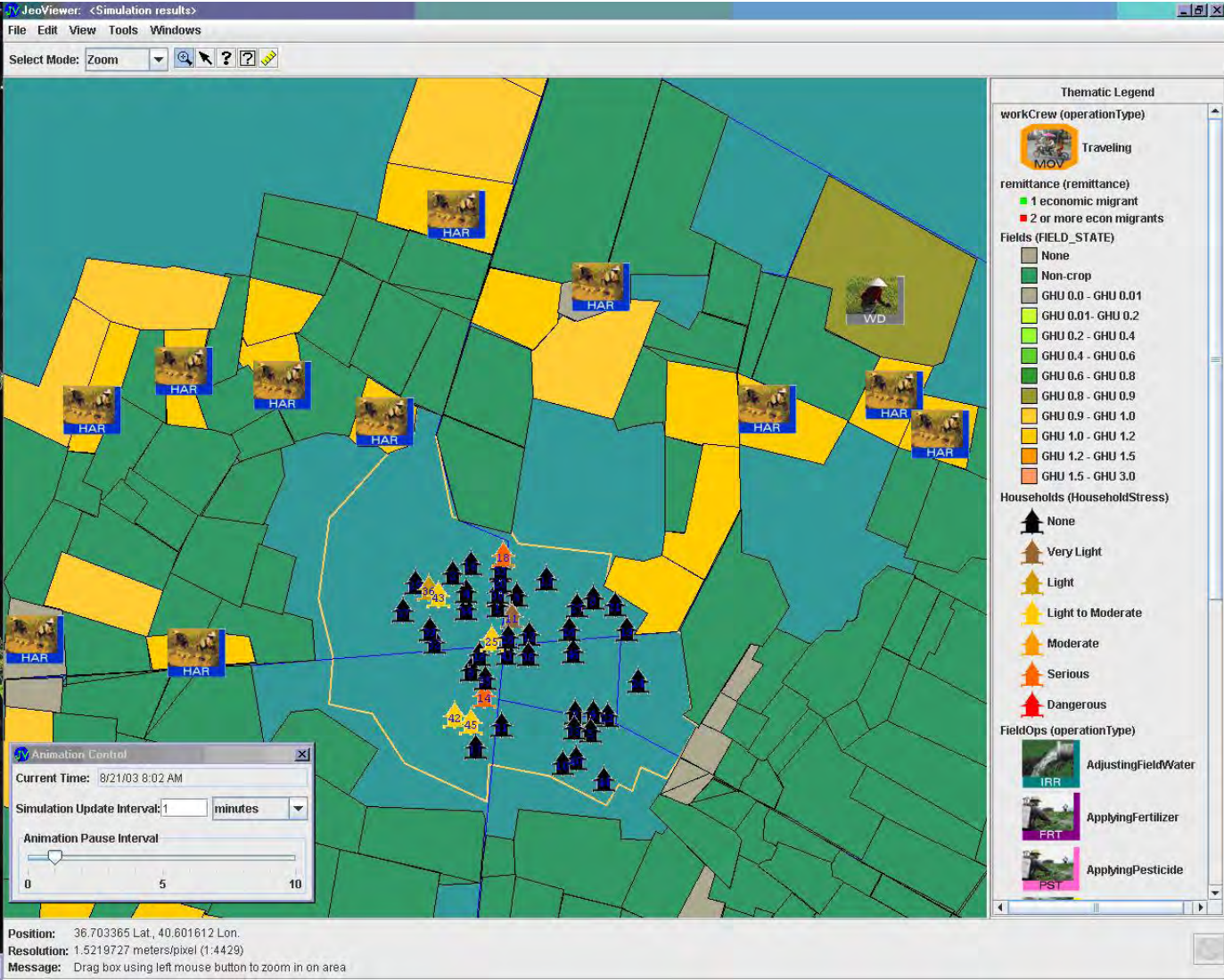
Mae Phosop Pilot Study Goal: Test ability of cross-discipline, agent-based simulations to help economists address modern socioeconomic sustainability issues in rural northern Thailand.

Data: Microeconomic data, site surveys, aerial photographs, weather data, soil reports, and ethnographies, from ongoing long-timebase studies conducted by U. Chicago Economics Professor Robert Townsend and colleagues.

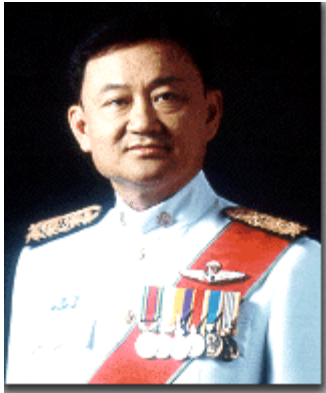
ENKIMDU Modifications and Extensions Required:

- **Landscape Processes:** virtually no changes.
- **Societal Processes:** necessary to accommodate different cultural norms as well as millennia of social and technological change ...

Mae Phosop Simulation Animation Snapshot: Banseaw, Thailand August 21: Weeding, Harvesting Tasks Underway in Fields



Mae Phosop Test Use Case: Impacts of External Factors on Village-Level Economic Sustainability



- In 2001, Thaksin Shinawatra formed the 54th government in Thailand; in 2006 he was deposed in a coup
- The new regime has changed many of Thaksin's policies focused on improving village economies

The **Mae Phosop** simulation engine has been the testbed for use cases highlighting modern societies' responses to stimuli and stresses, e.g.:

- Simulation of a Thaksin initiative: direct infusion of money at village level.
- Simulation outcomes: additional funds tended to delay onset of economic migration, reduce flow of remittance payments back to village.